

ANR BRIDGE

BRidging **I**nformation on tree **D**iversity in French
Guiana and a test of **E**cological theories

Molecules from Amazonian forest: characteristics, role and valorisation



CENTRE NATIONAL
DE LA RECHERCHE
SCIENTIFIQUE



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Kick-off meeting

19-20 Février 2007

Kourou

A chemistry group within EcoFoG



□ **D. Stien, E. Houël, M. Royer**

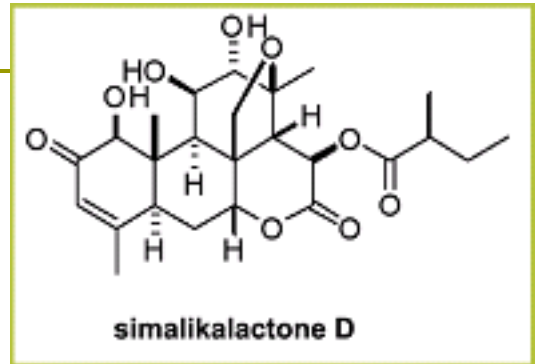
- extraction & characterisation of molecules
- biological properties of natural molecules
- modification of extracted molecules and industrial valorisation

M. Royer (PhD): Bioresistance of woody species linked to their content in bioactive molecules

□ **ANR JCJC, MOM, BRIDGE**

Antimalarial traditional remedies

- Study of a traditional herbal tea: *Quassia amara* leaves



Quassia amara L.

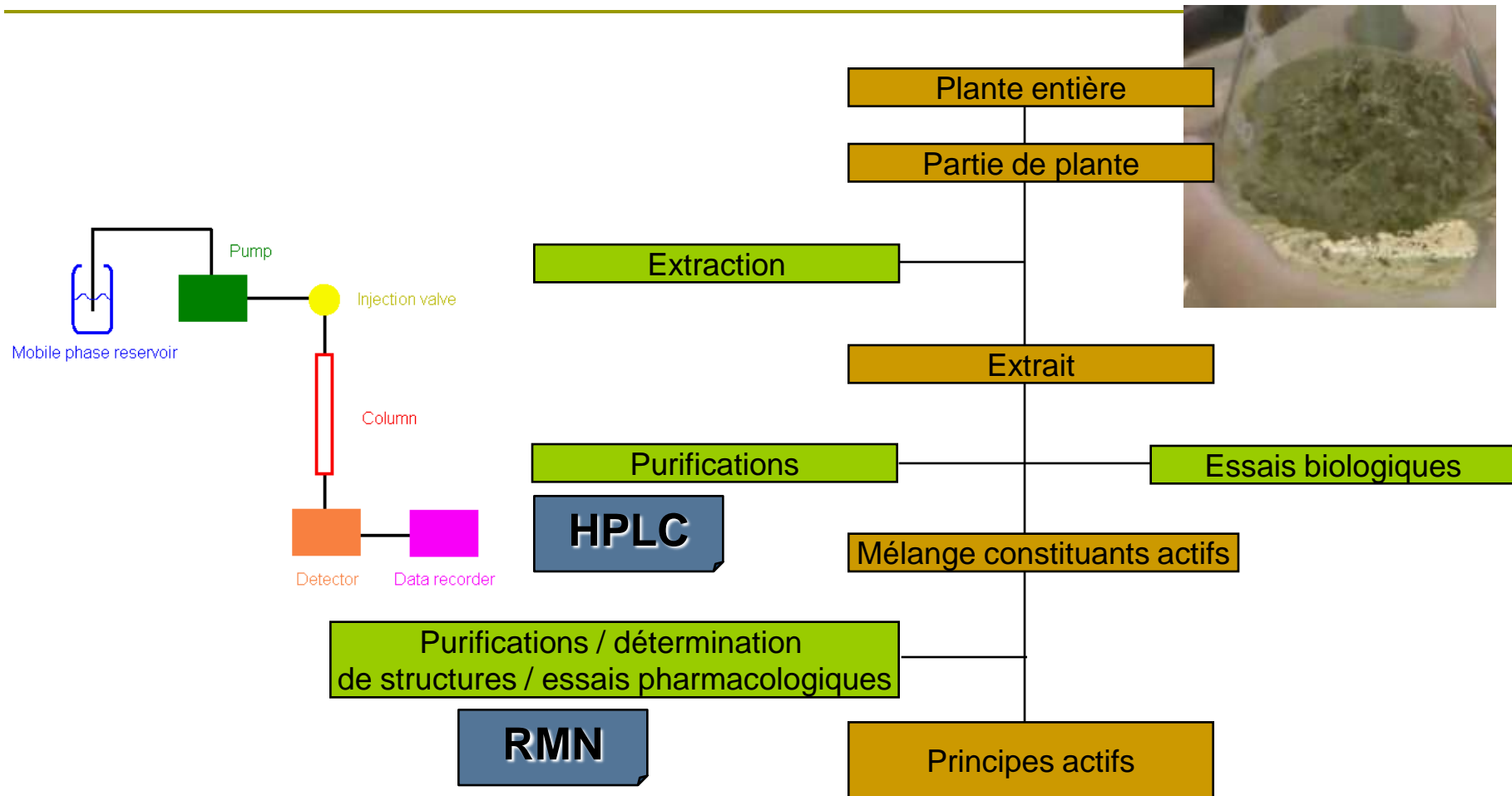
As an example: molecules with anti malarial activities

Ongoing project with IRD and Pasteur Institute in Cayenne

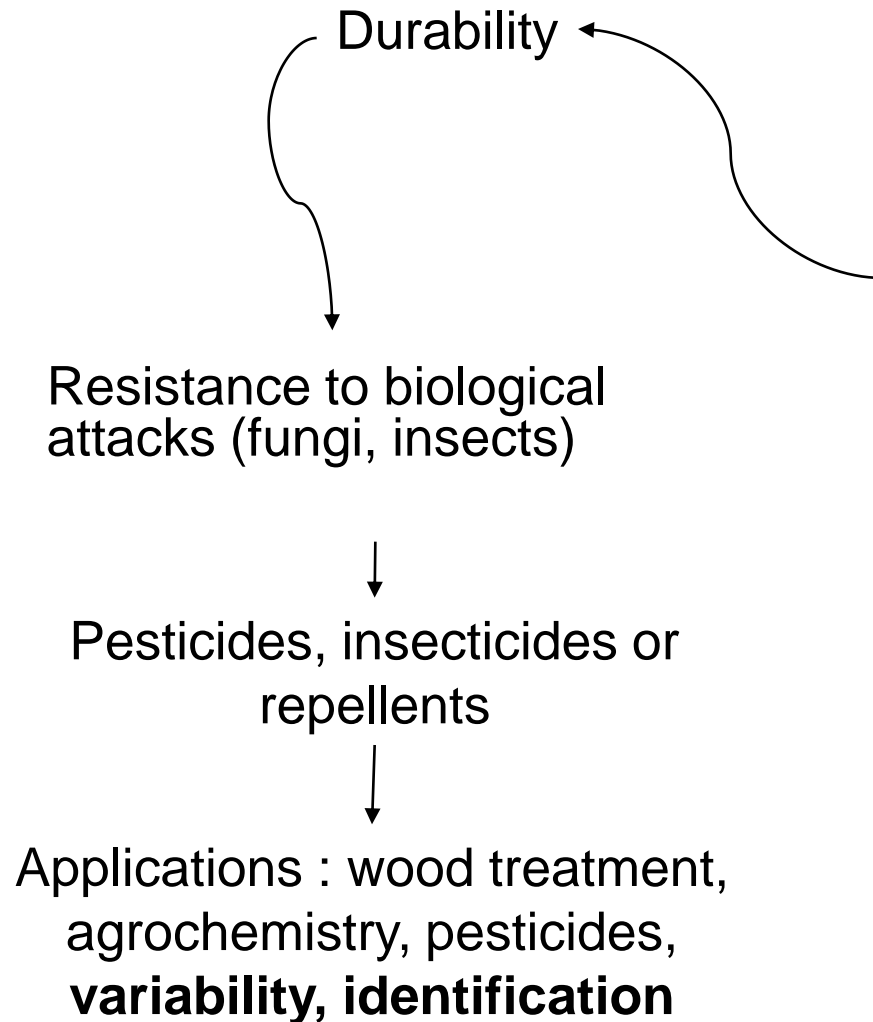
Leaf status ^a	Concentration of SkD in leaf tea μg/ml
FJ	4.63
DJ	0.05
FM	0.05
DM	2.10 ⁻³

^a FJ: fresh juveniles, DJ: dried juveniles, FM: fresh mature, DM: dried mature leaves.

Antimalarial traditional remedies



Wood durability and natural molecules

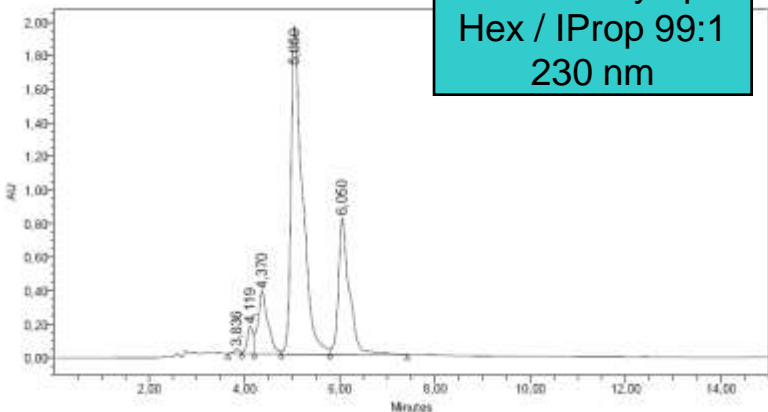


Polarité croissante

Extrait à l'hexane de la sciure de Wacapou

EH136-WAC2; m = 3.105g

HPLC analytique
Hex / IProp 99:1
230 nm



CCM

Colonne silice

Fractions
69 -> 74:
mélange
m = 262.4 mg

HPLC

HPLC prep.

8 fractions

HPLC prep.

EH146-
WAC69-74F1
m=0.8 mg

Stocké
au congel

EH147-
WAC69-74F3
m= 24.8 mg

Stocké
au congel
4.1 mg

CCM

Rien
d'intéressant /F4

EH148-
WAC69-74F4
m= 78.3 mg

CCM

HPLC

EH151-
WAC69-74 F5
m= 17.7 mg

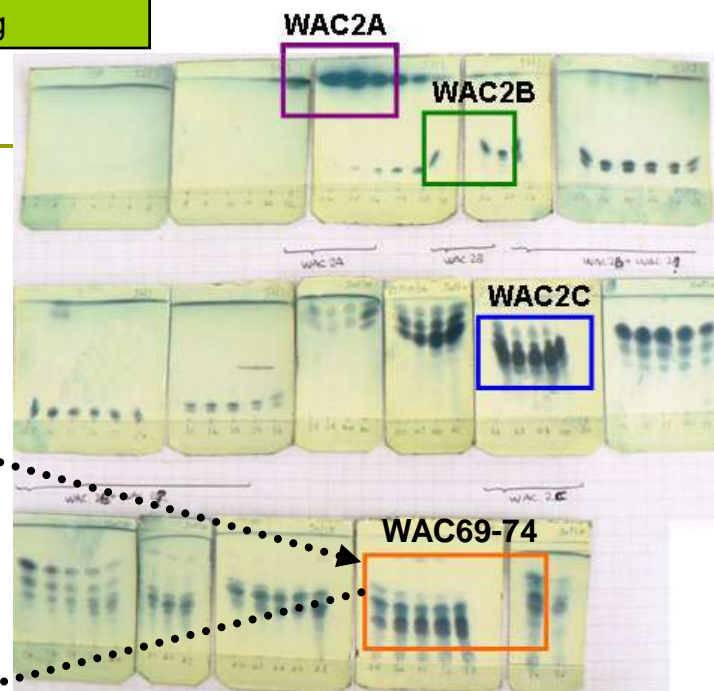
CCM

Raman

Stocké
au congel

WAC69-74
F2/F3'/F6 F7

Non
conservé



Perfumes and cosmetics

- ❑ Search for new fragrant molecules from guyanese plants and woods



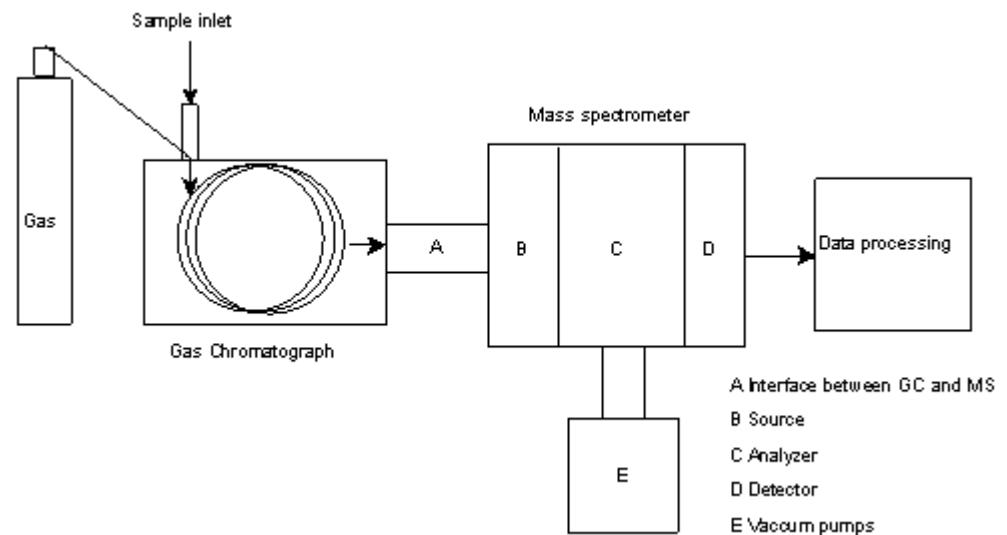
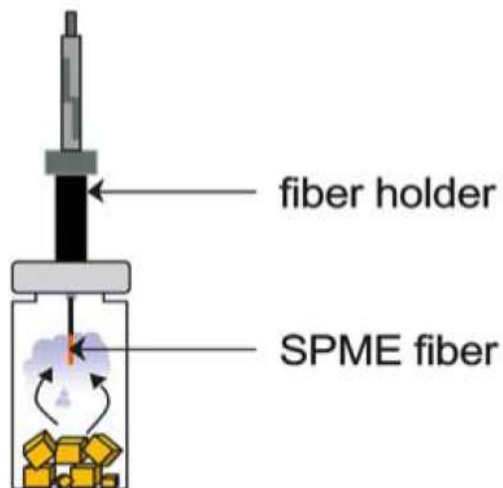
- ❑ Industrial collaboration :
KLR/Sylvessence – OSEO project
- ❑ Studies on rosewood



Tools and methods

Chemical properties

- HPLC device
- RMN spectrometry (at the end of the year)
- Mass spectrometry: SPME/GC/MS (*Institut Pasteur*)

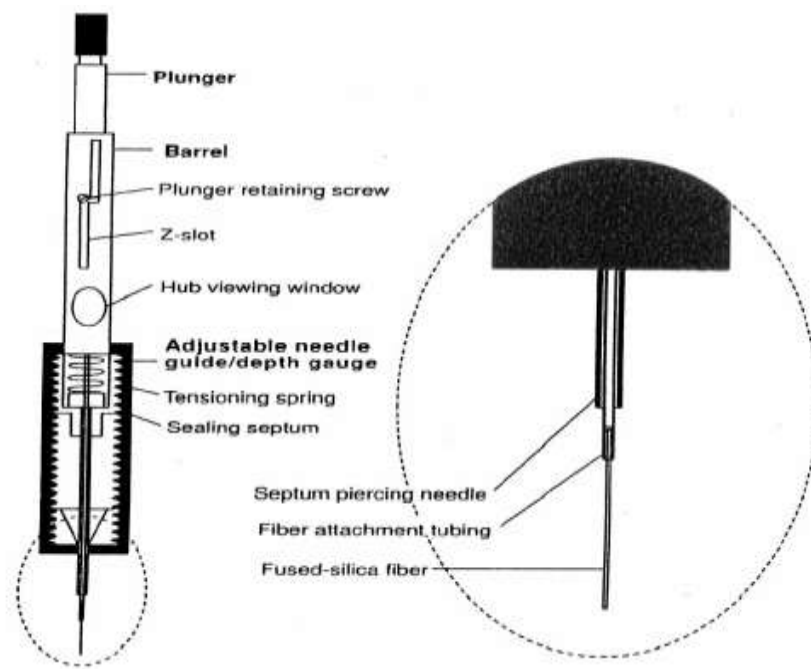


Study of volatile molecules from woods and leaves

- Headspace analysis: analysis of the gaseous phases above a solid or liquid sample



- SPME analysis: volatile molecules analysis after a preconcentration step



Study of volatile molecules from woods and leaves

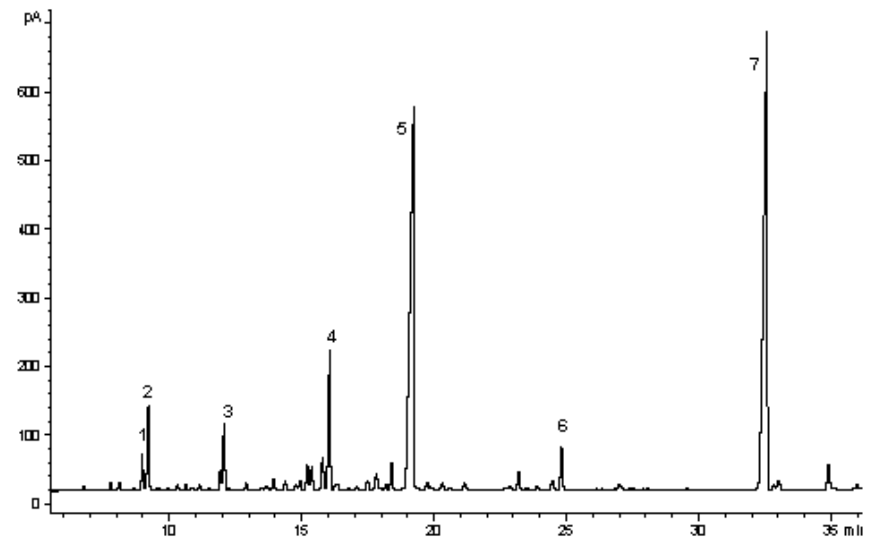
- ❑ Vegetal material: bark / outer heartwood
Possibly sapwood and leaves

- ❑ GC/MS spectra:

- Study of chemical defenses: terpenes
- Comparison to existing databases

- ❑ Aim of the study:

- Aid for identification
- Database construction
- Phylogeny



Study of volatile molecules from woods and leaves

□ Aid to identification:

■ « Anibaba and the 40 Lauraceae » (J.Beauchêne®)

- Vernacular name:
too many « bamba apisi » !
- Wood anatomy: insufficient alone
- Taxonomy: long and difficult for non-specialists
- GC/MS: chemical fingerprint
⇒ **COUPLING**



■ Bibliographic studies:

- *Ocotea teleiandra*: contains benzyl benzoate and benzyl salicylate: exception among *Ocotea* genus
- Identification: search for « exceptional » molecules
- Bridge: molecules in common between genus, species, family

Study of volatile molecules from woods and leaves

□ « Chemiophylogeny »:

- Benzoyl esters (benzyl benzoate, benzyl salicylate):
Lauraceae wood constituents
and
some *Cinnamon* species leaves constituents

=> Compounds which represents a chemical link
between Lauraceae and Annonaceae

Study of volatile molecules from woods and leaves

■ Elodie Courtois: training period 10/03 – 30/04
L3MA / Institut Pasteur

- SPME/GC/MS analysis
- Biosynthesis: « family-specific » pathways ?



Thank you for your
attention

